Clinical Practice Guideline: Disease Screening Procedures

Date of Implementation:

February 20, 2014

**Product:** 

**Specialty** 

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## **GUIDELINES**

Practitioners, as appropriate to their education, training, experience, and scope of practice, can provide valuable screening for common risk factors and health conditions.

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Among portal-of-entry practitioners, screening at risk and/or symptomatic patients for the conditions listed below is considered best practice. Providing a direct intervention (e.g., lifestyle and/or dietary changes) for patients for whom the screening results indicate a need for intervention, will depend upon the practitioner's education, training, experience, and scope of practice. In the absence of such a direct intervention, providing a referral intervention (e.g., to the patient's medical physician) is considered necessary. In the context of best practices for these practitioners, a level of awareness that risk factors and/or signs/symptoms of the below conditions are present is required and a subsequent referral for appropriate evaluation is necessary and within the purview of all.

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Other CPGs related to specific screening and preventive care recommendations are available on ashlink.com.

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## INTRODUCTION

Health issues identified through appropriate screening provide patients with earlier detection and increase the likelihood of successful treatment. In some cases, the detrimental effects of a disease or health condition can be mitigated or possibly reversed with appropriate early detection and care (e.g., Type 2 diabetes or cardiovascular disease). These guidelines will provide an overview of some common conditions for which screening is beneficial and, in some cases, vital to a patient's health and well-being. Applicable recommendations for preventive health screenings are based on the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF).

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The Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) is under the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and sponsors the USPSTF, a leading independent panel of private-sector experts in prevention and primary care. The USPSTF conducts rigorous assessments of the scientific evidence for the effectiveness of a broad range of clinical preventive services, including screening and counseling.

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The USPSTF makes recommendations about which preventive services should be incorporated routinely into health care and for which particular populations. The guidelines

covered in this policy focus on "recommended" screenings by the USPSTF. These are services/screenings which have an A or B rating as defined below.

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Grade	Definition	<b>Suggestions for Practice</b>
A	The USPSTF <i>recommends</i> the service.  There is high certainty that the net benefit is substantial.	Offer or provide this service.
В	The USPSTF <i>recommends</i> the service.  There is high certainty that the net benefit is moderate or there is moderate certainty that the net benefit is moderate to substantial.	Offer or provide this service.
С	The USPSTF recommends <i>selectively</i> offering or providing this service based on professional judgment and patient preferences. There is at least moderate certainty that the net benefit is small.	Offer or provide this service for selected patients depending on circumstances.
D	The USPSTF recommends <i>against</i> the service. There is moderate or high certainty of either no net benefit or that the harms outweigh the benefits.	Discourage the use of this service.
I	The USPSTF concludes that the current evidence is <i>insufficient</i> to assess the balance of benefits and harms of the service. Evidence is lacking, of poor quality, or conflicting, and the balance of benefits and harms cannot be determined.	If the service is offered, patients should understand the uncertainty about the balance of benefits and harms.

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A comprehensive review of the USPSTF rating process can be found in the ASH policy *Preventive Care Guidelines* (CPG 140 – S) or at the USPSTF website: http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Name/grade-definitions.

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## **Disease Screening**

- All published preventative services and disease screening recommendations can be found at
- https://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/uspstf/topic\_search\_results?topic\_status=
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## References

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