Public Events: Providing Diagnostic and Treatment Services
April 17, 2008
Specialty
providers/practitioners in public events and community o the public, the practitioner, and the health care profession. nvitation of schools, employers, athletic teams, sponsors of copriate venues (when not in conflict with the "Advertisement roup and Clients" section in the applicable ASH Practitioner ider Services Agreement). Unlike public screenings or health attion anticipates that the health care practitioner may be and treatment services in support of the public event (e.g., school athletic event). This type of public activity should only al and ethical manner and at a suitable location.
icipating in public events and community activities must meet indards of practice and regulatory requirements including, but ng:
tiality; on prior to rendering an opinion/diagnosis/treatment; mentation;
notional materials; eatment/services; and ppropriate.
eral health assessments, biomechanical analysis, injury ional evaluation, or other health assessment as allowed within actice, appropriate to the venue, and subject to the recipient's

Generally, such services are provided as a community service. If the practitioner intends to charge the recipient of services or any third party payor, the recipient must be informed

- and provide written consent prior to the provision of such services.
- 4

Practitioners may not use, experimental, investigational, or unproven treatments procedures, devices, or biological products including but not limited to those determined by American Specialty Health – Specialty (ASH) clinical committees to be not widely accepted as evidence based (see the *Techniques and Procedures Not Widely Supported As*

- 9 *Evidence-Based (CPG 133 S)* policy).
- 10

11 All practitioners must be in compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements

- 12 regarding diagnostic and treatment services in the state(s) in which the public event is held,
- 13 as well as any applicable state board requirements.