1
 Policy:
 Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed

 2
 Practitioners

 3
 Date of Implementation:

 4
 Date of Implementation:

 5
 Product:

 7

 8

 9

 9

 9

 9

 9

 9

9 **DEFINITIONS**

10 *Credentialed Practitioner* – A credentialed practitioner is an employee, independent 11 contractor or is associated with a contracted provider in some way and in some instances; 12 a contracted provider may be a credentialed practitioner. A credentialed practitioner is a 13 practitioner who has been credentialed with ASH and is duly licensed, registered or 14 certified, as required, in the state in which services are provided.

15

16 Contracted Practitioner – A contracted practitioner is a practitioner of health care services, 17 a group practice, or a professional corporation which or who has both been credentialed by 18 and contracted with ASH for the purpose of rendering professional services that are widely 19 accepted, evidence based, and best clinical practice within the scope of the contracted 20 practitioner's professional licensure.

21

Contracted Provider – A contracted provider is any legal entity that (1) has contracted with
 ASH for the provision of services to members; (2) operates facilities at which services are
 provided; (3) is a credentialed practitioner or employs or contracts with credentialed
 practitioners.

26

Non-Credentialed Practitioner – Non-credentialed practitioners considered to be out of
 network (OON) or out of area (OOA) include those practitioners not credentialed with
 ASH and those practitioners who are credentialed but are not participating in the member's
 health plan.

31

32 **PURPOSE**

The Clinical Services Program (CS Program) defines the process for monitoring and 33 evaluating treatment/services provided to members by non-credentialed practitioners. The 34 CS Program provides a structured approach to positively influencing provider behavior 35 toward conservative, evidence-based practices which may include verification of the 36 medical necessity of diagnostic and treatment services delivered to members. This 37 approach includes dissemination of clinical guidelines, peer-to-peer dialogue, peer review 38 of data submitted on Medical Necessity Review Forms (MNR Forms), Clinical Information 39 Summary Sheets (CISS), supporting documents or medical records by non-credentialed 40

Page 1 of 26

1 practitioners, and clinical decision communications that reference the applicable guidelines

- 2 and clinical literature.
- 3

Every medical necessity verification decision is evaluated against established clinical 4 guidelines and review criteria which are supported by credible scientific evidence that 5 meets industry standard research quality criteria and are adopted as credible by an 6 American Specialty Health – Specialty (ASH) clinical peer review committee. Further, the 7 use of these practice parameters provides acceptable, scientifically valid, professionally 8 ethical, and responsible support for the decisions made in the management of clinical 9 services rendered to members. The CS Program defines the process for peer review 10 evaluation of the appropriateness and effectiveness of submitted treatment/services, which 11 include visits, examinations, diagnostic tests and/or procedures, and plan of care, including 12 but not limited to intervention and goals. 13

14

15 Written policies and procedures govern all aspects of the CS Program.

16

24

25

State mandates, regulatory requirements, accreditation standards, and/or specific health plan delegation agreements may require modification of some sections of the CS Program for compliance. Where this occurs, the CS Program is modified and approved as applicable.

2021 MISSION

The mission of the Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners (CS
 Program) is to enhance the quality of treatment/services rendered to members through:

- Direction and oversight of the continuity of treatment/services provided to the member;
- Detection of trends, patterns of performance, or potential problems related to 27 member health and safety issues;
- Management of quality, clinical efficacy, and utilization of member benefits to encourage optimal clinical and cost effectiveness;
- Education of practitioners to utilize appropriate, efficient, and professionally recognized standards of practice for medically necessary care through educational materials, through outreach by clinical staff and through availability of standards and guidelines on www.ashlink.com;
- Assurance that clinical staff who verify the medical necessity of treatment/services
 are not compensated or given other incentives to make clinical adverse benefit
 determinations nor for rendering decisions that encourage or result in under utilization;
- Assurance that quality assurance and medical necessity review decisions are based
 only on appropriateness of care and treatment/services; and

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners **Revised – July 18, 2024** To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approved 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024 • Assurance that quality assurance and medical necessity review decisions are conducted consistently and according to professionally recognized standards of practice and ASH policy.

3 4

1

2

5 SCOPE

ASH credentials various specialty healthcare practitioners. ASH offers administrative
 services in support of healthcare reimbursement products.

8

The ASH Clinical Services Program (CS Program) defines the process for monitoring and 9 treatment/services provided to members contracted 10 evaluation of by providers/practitioners. The CS Program provides a structured approach to verify the 11 medical necessity and appropriateness of treatment/services delivered to members through 12 review of clinical data submitted by the provider/practitioner on Medical Necessity Review 13 Forms (MNR Forms) and/or supporting documents. Clinical decisions are made by peer 14 clinicians, when allowed by state regulations, who are appropriately licensed and 15 credentialed and who have experience in direct-contact patient management. The CS 16 Program also outlines ASH's clinical and administrative services in support of the medical 17 18 necessity review process.

1920 GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The goals and objectives of the Clinical Services Program– Non-Credentialed Practitioners
 (CS Program) include:

- Maintenance of accreditation by URAC and the National Committee for Quality
 Assurance (NCQA);
- Operation of a fully staffed peer review system using credentialed, clinical quality evaluators for timely clinical decision-making, consistency, and efficiency;
- Evaluation of the appropriateness and effectiveness of clinical treatment/services provided to members as well as monitoring over-utilization, under-utilization, continuity and coordination of care, and safety through verification of medical necessity;
- Ensure equitable accessibility and availability to all members for medically
 necessary care;
- Satisfaction of the demands of operational process efficiencies necessary to manage
 business growth, reduce administrative expenses, and fulfill quality and service
 expectations of customers, national accreditation agencies, and regulatory entities;

Clear and timely communication of quality assurance and medical necessity review
 decisions, which are based on peer-reviewed literature, educational based
 textbooks, clinical practice guidelines and clinical services guidelines, to
 practitioners and members;

• Analysis of member demographics and diagnoses to facilitate a better understanding of the health status of ASH members as well as to determine disease incidence and chronic conditions in the member population;

- Analysis of member service utilization data including but not limited to initial exams/evaluations, subsequent exams/re-evaluations, office visits, x-rays, laboratory tests, and other adjunctive services;
- Direction and oversight of clinical services data through the tracking and analysis
 of data reflecting verification of medical necessity of treatment/services submitted,
 as applicable;
- Development of systems to evaluate and determine which treatment/services are consistent with accepted standards of practice;
- Coordination of timely and thorough investigations and responses to member,
 practitioner and provider grievances and appeals related to the clinical services
 process, if delegated;
- Initiation of systems and processes to identify and limit recurring issues related to
 quality assurance and medical necessity reviews;
- Development and maintenance of systems processes to monitor clinical outcomes
 of care through satisfaction and outcomes survey methods; and
- Maintenance of systems processes to encourage member health education by
 making member health education information available on the company website
 and by making specialty health information available for use by clients in their
 member education programs.
- 23

1

2

3

4

5

6

24 ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE/ACCOUNTABILITY

The Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners (CS Program) has been
established with input and active participation of key staff and management. The Quality
Oversight Committee (QOC) has responsibility for the development and oversight of the
CS Program. The QOC includes, among others, the Chief Health Services Officer (CHSO),
Senior Vice President, Operations, Vice President, Clinical Services, Senior Vice
President, Rehab Services, Senior Vice President, Health Services Administration, Senior
Medical Directors, and at least one credentialed practitioner.

32

The CS Program is reviewed, assessed, and approved annually and as necessary by the appropriate quality committees, including the QOC. The responsibility for assessing and monitoring the quality of care provided to members is delegated by the Board of Directors (BOD) to the QOC. The CS Program is approved by the QOC, monitored by ASH senior management, and the outcomes are reported to QOC and the BOD at least annually.

- 38
- Clinical services activities and reports are integrated into the Quality Improvement
 Program (QI Program), Quality Improvement Work Plan (QI Work Plan), and Annual

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners **Revised – July 18, 2024** To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approved 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024 Quality Improvement Evaluation (Annual QI Evaluation) to ensure continuous quality improvement. The Clinical Services department is responsible for coordinating the crossdepartmental development, approval, and reporting of the CS Program. The Corporate Compliance Committee (CCC) is responsible for coordinating the cross-departmental development, approval, and reporting of the QI Work Plan and necessary updates, Annual QI Evaluation, and the Clinical Performance Program, and supports quality initiatives under the direction of operations management and the QOC

9 STAFF RESPONSIBILITIES

ASH's organizational chart accurately reflects the clinical staff, the Medical Necessity/Benefit Administration (MNA) staff and reporting structures. Staff position descriptions and committee charters explain the associated oversight and transactional responsibilities and duties. The staff ratios are equivalent to ASH's needs. Reporting relationships are clearly defined. Interdepartmental coordination of medical necessity review is clearly delineated in committee charters, team descriptions, department responsibilities, and position descriptions.

17

Information is evaluated periodically from URAC, NCQA, Department of Labor (DOL), and Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) in order to analyze internal processes and ensure compliance. Staff are provided documentation, education, and training to understand external regulatory and accreditation standards/requirements and receive education and training in the standards and principles of these organizations as they relate to their responsibilities during initial orientation and at least annually thereafter.

24

25 Chief Health Services Officer

The Chief Health Services Officer/Executive Vice President (CHSO) serves on the Quality 26 Oversight Committee (QOC) as executive sponsor and oversees the Clinical Services 27 departments, which includes Clinical Quality Administration, Clinical Quality Evaluation, 28 and Health Services, which includes Health Services Research. The CHSO serves on the 29 Board of Directors (BOD). The CHSO oversees approval and adoption of the Clinical 30 Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners (CS Program) and supporting policies 31 regarding the operations, outcomes, and quality improvement initiatives affected by or 32 33 related to the CS Program. In conjunction with Clinical Quality Evaluation (CQE) management staff and clinical quality committees, the CHSO oversees CS Program 34 implementation through the development of key goals, oversight of clinical operations, 35 ensuring timely completion of clinical services activities and management of clinical 36 decision-making. The CHSO supports the development and implementation of the QI 37 Program, QI Work Plan, and Annual QI Evaluation, including development of key goals 38 39 and quality strategies in conjunction with senior management and ASH's clinical committees. The integral role includes directing, managing, and ensuring timely 40 completion of clinical quality improvement activities performed by the Health Services 41

Page 5 of 26

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners **Revised – July 18, 2024** To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approval 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024 team. The CHSO is responsible for outcomes research and evidence review activities in support of the development of clinical guidelines and criteria that support ASH programs, including the CS program. The CHSO has superight of the plinical guilt with committees

- 3 including the CS Program. The CHSO has oversight of the clinical quality sub-committees,
- the Quality Improvement Committee (QIC), and the Practice Review Committee (PRC).
- 5 The CHSO holds a current and unrestricted license to practice in his/her respective
- 6 healthcare field and meets ASH credentialing criteria.
- 7

8 The CHSO has the authority for ad hoc approval of policy on behalf of the QOC to meet 9 regulatory, accreditation, or client requirements when time constraints for filings or other 10 stakeholder expectations require rapid review and approval of policy. These ad hoc 11 approvals are reviewed and adopted by the QOC.

12

13 Senior Vice President, Clinical Services and Senior Vice President, Rehab Services

The Senior Vice President, Clinical Services and the Senior Vice President, Rehab services, 14 whose oversight includes chiropractic, acupuncture, therapeutic massage, naturopathy, and 15 rehabilitation services, report to the BOD, by means of the CHSO, and is responsible for 16 the oversight of clinical operations, clinical staffing and training, and clinical decision-17 making processes and procedures provided by the clinical review staff. The Senior Vice 18 President, Clinical Services and the Senior Vice President, Rehab Services, hold a current 19 20 and unrestricted license to practice in his/her respective healthcare field and meets ASH credentialing criteria. 21

22

24

27

23 Additional responsibilities include:

- Development and implementation of the CS Program;
- Oversight of the organization and management of the CS Program's financial viability, including the allocation of resources and staffing;
 - Oversight of clinical services staff and practitioner educational activities;
- Oversight of the Clinical Services Investigation Team and Health and Safety
 Investigation Team;
- Management of the clinical operational linkage between the corporate strategy and
 the implementation of the CS Program;
- Deployment of corporate mission, development of vision, and strategic operational
 plan to the CS Program;
- Development and implementation of clinical policy and guidelines, in conjunction
 with the Clinical Quality Team (CQT) and the QIC;
- Voting member of the Corporate Compliance Committee (CCC);
- Voting member of the QIC (the Senior Vice President, Clinical Services also serves as the Co-Chairperson of QIC);
- Voting member of the QOC;

Page 6 of 26

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners **Revised – July 18, 2024** To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approved 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024

• Provision of adequate resources to support and oversee the development of quality 1 2 improvement activities related to the clinical services process; • Analysis of the effectiveness of the CS Program; and 3 • Oversee the evaluation of consistency and quality audits in the medical necessity 4 review process at least semi-annually. 5 6 **Senior Medical Directors** 7 The Medical Director, Health Services, and the Senior Medical Director, Clinical Services, 8 report to the Chief Health Services Officer, and are responsible, as defined in applicable 9 job descriptions, for clinical operations, clinical staffing and training, and/or clinical 10 decision-making processes and procedures provided to the clinical review staff for 11 specialties managed by ASH. Senior Medical Directors hold current and unrestricted 12 licenses to practice in medicine (MD/DO) in a state, territory or commonwealth of the 13 United States, requisite certifications as required by state regulation(s) and meet ASH 14 credentialing criteria. 15 16 17 Additional responsibilities include, as applicable: Oversight of medical necessity • review and quality assurance activities in accordance with accreditation and 18 regulatory requirements; 19 • Examination and provision of direction regarding the identification and 20 management of clinical matters that require allopathic-specialty practitioner co-21 management; 22 • Co-chair of Quality Improvement Committee (QIC); and supports clinical decision 23 making of clinical committees as assigned; 24 • Provides management decision-making and participates in decision-making 25 regarding the clinical operational administration of the programs assigned; 26 • Supports the development of clinical practice guidelines, credentialing criteria, and 27 other clinical decision assist tools; 28 • Provides medical support to the development of clinical programs and serves on 29 project management teams collaborating with operations and other administrative 30 departments as assigned; 31 • Voting member of the QIC (the Senior Medical Director, Clinical Services also 32 serves as the Co-Chairperson of QIC); and 33 • Voting member of the QOC responsible for review, approval, and adoption of 34 policies, including the CS Program, and other policy/operational documentation. 35 36 Senior Management of Clinical Services Departments 37 Senior management staff of the Clinical Services department report to the Senior Vice 38

39 President, Clinical Services, the Senior Vice President, Rehab Services, or a Medical

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners **Revised – July 18, 2024** To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approval 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024

Director and maintain active, current and unrestricted licenses, certifications, or 1 registrations and meet ASH's credentialing criteria used for the applicable specialty. 2 Senior management staff of the Clinical Services department are available to staff on site 3 or by telephone and are responsible for clinical services activities, interaction with Medical 4 Necessity/Benefit Administration, and evaluation of clinical services appeals. 5 6 7 Additional responsibilities include: • Development of processes to support and enhance clinical services; 8 9 • Coordination of clinical appeals with external clinical consultants and appropriate peer review committees: 10 • Identification of practice patterns that may warrant inquiry letters or clinical 11 Corrective Action Plans (CAPs); 12 • Assisting with CAP compliance through educational activities; 13 Providing input into the development and review of clinical service and practice 14 guidelines, decision-making criteria, outcome assessment tools, and clinical policy; 15 • Identification and development of educational topics and materials for distribution 16 and/or presentation to practitioners; 17 Participation in clinical committees as assigned by the BOD; 18 • Participation in interdepartmental key process teams as assigned by the Senior Vice • 19 President, Clinical Services, the Senior Vice President, Rehab Services, or a Senior 20 Medical Director: 21 • Support and implementation of quality improvement initiatives related to clinical 22 services; 23 • Resolution of clinical issues and oversight of the evaluation process of clinical 24 decision-making including monitoring documentation for adequacy and inter-rater 25 reliability for each level and type of clinical services (UM) decision; 26 • Clinical training and day-to-day supervision of clinical quality evaluators; and 27 Evaluation of performance and counseling of staff. • 28 29 **Clinical Quality Evaluators** 30 Clinical quality evaluators report to Clinical Services senior management staff. Clinical 31 quality evaluators maintain an active, current, and unrestricted license, registration, or 32 certification applicable to the medical necessity verification and other quality review work 33 they are assigned to perform. ASH staff will meet the credentialing criteria for the 34 applicable specialty. Their professional education, training, and experience are 35 commensurate with the clinical evaluations they conduct. 36 37 Written job descriptions for the clinical quality evaluators are maintained in personnel 38 records. Responsibilities include: 39 • Evaluation of the medical necessity of submitted treatment/services; 40

Page 8 of 26

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners Revised – July 18, 2024 To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approval 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approval 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approval 07/18/2024

1	• Approval of medically necessary and appropriate treatments/services;
2	• Enhancement of continuity and coordination of services whenever possible;
3	• Recommendation of continuous quality improvement clinical services initiatives;
4	• Identification of quality of care or treatment/service concerns;
5	 Provision of outreach and education to practitioners as needed;
6	 Endorsement of the principles and procedures of clinical services and the DOL,
7	NCQA, URAC, and CMS standards;
8	• Provision of clinical opinions regarding the medical condition, procedures, and
9	treatment under review, as necessary; and
10	• Identification of psychosocial or other co-morbid conditions or the presence of
11	symptoms or conditions that suggest the need for redirection to or co-management
12	with a physician or other appropriate healthcare practitioner through the evaluation
13	of MNR Forms and medical records. When evidence of such a need is identified,
14	the clinical quality evaluator may, as appropriate, consult with the Senior
15	Management staff of the Clinical Services department and notify the practitioner to
16	facilitate coordination of care with other appropriate healthcare practitioners.
17	
18	All personnel that make medical necessity review decisions and those who supervise them
19	are apprised that:
20 21	• No punitive action may be taken against a practitioner for supporting a member in a standard or expedited appeal request;
22	• Medical necessity review decisions are based on an evaluation of submitted clinical
23	information and adopted clinical standards of practice, and is solely for the purpose
24	of determining whether the submitted services can be approved for benefit coverage
25	based on appropriateness and medical necessity;
26	• Clinical decisions made by clinical quality evaluators are non-discriminatory of any
27	personal characteristics of the practitioner or member;
28	• Clinical quality evaluators, practitioners, or other individuals who make medical
29	necessity review decisions are not rewarded for issuing denials of benefit coverage
30	for health care services; and
31	• Clinical quality evaluators are not eligible for, nor do they receive, financial
32	incentives that encourage or result in under-utilization; and their decisions to
33	withhold, delay, or not approve medically necessary treatment/services are not
34	connected to any bonus or incentive program.
35	
36	Medical Necessity/Benefit Administration Staff
37	Medical Necessity/Benefit Administration (MNA) staff are responsible for coordinating
38	the administrative management of the review process by entering administrative
39	information into the clinical services database system, Integrated Health Information

40 Systems (IHIS). MNA staff evaluate demographic and administrative compliance

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners **Revised – July 18, 2024** To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approved 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024 Page 9 of 26

components of the MNR Form submission process. ASH clinical quality evaluators are 1 available to MNA staff during this process. The MNA staff do not influence or make 2 decisions regarding medical necessity of treatment/services or interpret clinical decisions, 3 and ASH does not issue adverse benefit determinations of medical necessity based on 4 administrative review of MNR Forms. The MNA Director is responsible for evaluating 5 administrative data entry accuracy, in accordance with client and regulatory requirements 6 and ASH policy and procedures. 7 8

- Additional responsibilities include: 9
- Verification of member eligibility and benefit coverage; 10
- Verification that practitioners are credentialed and verification that providers are 11 contracted; 12
- Data entry of MNR Form, CISS, or medical records information into IHIS; 13
- Coordination of evaluations with clinical quality evaluators and data entry of 14 clinical decisions into the database as necessary; 15
- Coordination of communication of decision responses to practitioners and 16 members: and 17
- Collection of member documentation for clinical quality evaluators as necessary to 18 evaluate member history and previous treatment. 19
- 20

MNA staff receive training about data collection requirements and ensure data are entered 21 in a timely manner. The MNA staff also receive training regarding external regulatory, 22 accreditation, and client requirements affecting their position responsibilities. 23

24

The Senior Vice President, Clinical Services, the Senior Vice President, Rehab Services 25 and a Senior Medical Director oversee the operational process via the MNA management 26 staff of and, in collaboration with the Clinical Services team, oversees the interface 27 between MNA staff and the Clinical Services department. 28

29

Non-Credentialed Practitioners 30

Initial treatment/services may be available to members on a direct access basis, where 31 allowed by state law and/or scope of practice regulations. However, health plan delegation 32 agreements, benefit design, state mandates, and regulatory requirements may necessitate a 33 referral. Members may change practitioners at any time. 34

35

If the member requires more treatment/services than are available within the applicable 36 client specific treatment waiver, an additional request for services must be submitted for 37

- verification of medical necessity of those additional treatment/services by a clinical quality 38
- evaluator. 39

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners - S Clinical Services Program - Non-Credentialed Practitioners Revised - July 18, 2024 To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approval 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024

Page 10 of 26

1 Non-credentialed practitioners submit information that is necessary to evaluate and verify

2 the medical necessity of submitted treatment/services to MNA. Required information is

limited to only that necessary to identify the member and practitioner and to conduct theclinical review. This includes:

- Patient information: name, address, telephone number, date of birth, sex, member ID number, plan ID number, and subjective complaint(s);
- Member information (if different from patient information): name, employee ID
 number, relationship to patient, employer, group number, and other coverage
 available;
- Attending practitioner information: name, address, telephone number, fax number,
 degree/license/certification/registration, Tax ID number or National Provider
 Identifier (NPI);
- Appropriate clinical information: diagnoses, examination/assessment findings, symptoms, type of treatment/services submitted or provided, duration of treatment/services submitted or provided, number of treatment/services submitted or provided, supports and appliance(s) (if applicable), rationale for initiation or continuation of care, measurable outcome of care information, discharge plan (anticipated release date); and coordination of care or referral; and
- History and clinical evaluation findings sufficient to substantiate the diagnoses (if applicable) and support the level of treatment/services submitted or provided.

22 COMMUNICATION SERVICES

23 Availability During Business Hours

Customer Service representatives are available by fax, electronic, or telephonic 24 communications, including voicemail, from 5:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. PT during normal 25 business days to respond to inquiries from members, practitioners, and/or facility 26 personnel. Such inquiries may include general clinical services administrative questions 27 and requests for information regarding specific medical necessity review requirements and 28 procedures. Customer Service representatives document inbound communications and 29 30 their response in the ASH proprietary communication log. Customer Service representatives may refer specific inbound clinical services communications to Medical 31 Necessity/Benefit Administration (MNA) staff or clinical quality evaluators, as 32 appropriate. 33

34

21

5

6

MNA staff and clinical quality evaluators are available at least eight (8) hours a day during normal business hours to receive inbound and perform outbound communication regarding

Page 11 of 26

clinical services issues. MNA staff and clinical quality evaluators provide telephone and 1 fax numbers and/or secure electronic access to practitioners for inbound communication. 2 Outbound communications may include directly speaking with practitioners and 3 members or fax, electronic, or other telephonic communications, including secure 4 electronic mailbox and voicemail; 5 • Staff identifies themselves by name, title, corporate name, and license/certification 6 number, where applicable, when initiating or returning calls regarding clinical 7 services issues: and 8 • Inquiries and responses are documented in the ASH proprietary communication 9 log. ASH provides a toll-free number for calls regarding clinical services issues and 10 the ability to speak to a clinical quality evaluator. 11 12 13 Communications received after normal business hours are returned on the next business day and communications received after midnight on weekdays (Monday – Friday) are 14 responded to on the same business day. 15 16 Inbound and outbound telephone calls may be monitored or recorded for quality assurance 17 purposes. 18 19 **Availability Outside Normal Business Hours** 20 ASH provides a toll-free number and e-mail address for communications regarding clinical 21 services issues. Customer Service, MNA, and clinical quality evaluators retrieve or respond 22 to all routine, non-urgent messages no later than the next business day. 23 24 25 A contracted answering service screens after-hours calls. If a member or practitioner states the issue is urgent, ASH's "on call" Customer Service supervisor is contacted. The "on 26 call" supervisor returns the member's or practitioner's call and provides assistance. If the 27 issue is of an urgent clinical nature, an ASH senior clinician is contacted immediately and 28 notified of the issue for resolution. The member or practitioner call and resolution are 29 documented in the ASH proprietary communication log the next business day. 30 31 32 Capacity of voicemail service, answering machine, or e-mailbox is monitored and adjusted as needed to accept the volume of incoming communications. 33 34 35 **Disclosure Regarding Access to Clinical Services** Information regarding the process for accessing customer services, inquiries regarding 36 MNA or clinical quality evaluation and/or clinical services is disclosed to members and 37 38 practitioners on ASH's public website and includes ASH's toll-free telephone number as

39 well as hours of operation.

Page 12 of 26

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners **Revised – July 18, 2024** To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approval 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024

Member Assistance 1

ASH ensures that members have access to a representative by providing assistance to those 2

- with limited English proficiency or with a visual or other communicative impairment. ASH 3
- maintains a toll-free telephone number answered by representatives who are trained to 4
- facilitate interpretation services. ASH representatives have access to a language line that 5
- offers over-the-phone interpretation from English into more than 200 languages. When a 6
- representative identifies a need for language assistance, a three-way call to the interpreter 7
- is usually initiated within 60 seconds or less. ASH is also prepared to receive TDD calls 8
- from members with communicative impairments. 9
- 10

11 APPLICATION OF STANDARDIZED CLINICAL GUIDELINES

In an effort to assist in the management of a positive clinical outcome and provide fairness 12 and consistency, clinical guidelines are developed and adopted with involvement of 13 appropriate, actively practicing practitioners with current knowledge for criteria 14 applicability. Practitioners may also be employees of in- network providers. Actively 15 practicing practitioners also have the opportunity to comment on the instructions for 16 applying the evidence-based criteria. Clinical services decisions are based on clinical 17 guidelines that: 18

- Reflect sound clinical evidence; 19
- Are developed from an evaluation of current applicable scientific literature; • 20
 - Represent consensus of committees comprised of credentialed practitioners;
 - Incorporate expert opinion, when applicable; and
- Allow for modification secondary to consideration of the individual needs of the 23 24 member and characteristics of the local delivery system.
- 25

21

22

Criteria based on individual contributing factors such as age, co-morbidities, 26 complications, and clinical progress are applied when making individual clinical services 27 decisions. 28

29

30 Clinical decision-making guidelines are evaluated annually and updated when appropriate. Guidelines may be reviewed by clinical committees and modified any time there is new 31 clinical evidence that changes the clinical opinion regarding a given disease, condition, or 32 procedure. The Clinical Quality Team (CQT) is an internal workgroup that provides 33 research and recommendations for clinical decision-making guidelines development and 34 criteria for appropriateness of utilization. Clinical decision-making guidelines are reviewed 35 and approved by the Quality Improvement Committee (QIC) and the Quality Oversight 36 Committee (QOC) on behalf of the Board of Directors (BOD) prior to implementation. 37 38

- Clinical quality evaluators are provided with clinical decision-making guidelines and 39 receive training in the application of the criteria. These guidelines enable clinical quality 40

evaluators to evaluate the medical necessity of diagnostic procedures and therapeutic 1 interventions submitted by practitioners or provided to members. Clinical guidelines and 2

revisions are made available on the ASH public website, through a secured practitioner 3

- website, or provided to all practitioners, as applicable. 4
- 5

6 Members and the public may request (free of charge) these clinical decision-making guidelines by contacting Customer Service. The following disclosure statement will be 7 included in the cover letter to the requesting individual: "The materials provided are 8 guidelines used by ASH to verify the medical necessity of treatment/services for persons 9 with similar illnesses or conditions. Specific care and treatment may vary depending on 10 individual need and the benefits covered by your contract." The clinical guidelines are also 11 available on the ASH public website. 12

13

When used as clinical adverse benefit determination criteria, clinical guidelines may be 14 shared with practitioners or members to explain the rationale for the adverse benefit 15 determination of a given treatment/service. It is the responsibility of the clinical quality 16 evaluator to apply his/her clinical expertise when using these guidelines as individual 17 findings such as severity factors or co-morbidities may influence medical necessity 18 decisions. 19

20

An executive summary of the Clinical Services Program (CS Program) is available on the 21 ASH public website. Members and the public may also request a copy of the process by 22 which ASH verifies the medical necessity of submitted treatment/services by contacting 23 ASH by telephone, fax, or email. The contact information for each method is also on the 24 ASH public website. 25

26

MEDICAL NECESSITY REVIEW 27

28 Medical necessity review decisions are made by peer clinical quality evaluators and, where applicable, Board Certified consultants. Clinical quality evaluators maintain an active, 29 unrestricted license, certificate, or registration in their specialty in a state or territory of the 30 United States, with professional education, training, and experience commensurate with 31 the medical necessity reviews they conduct. Unless otherwise expressly allowed by state 32 or federal laws or regulations, clinical quality evaluators are located in a state or territory 33 of the United States when evaluating a medical necessity review determination. Decisions 34 include approval or denial for benefit coverage of services based on an evaluation and 35 verification of medical necessity, assessment of quality of care, coordination and provision 36 37 of alternate levels of care, and evaluation of appropriate levels of care.

38

A medical physician conducts medical necessity review of physical medicine therapy 39 40 services (PT, OT, ST) when the referring provider and/or patient requests that a physician

conduct the review. In addition, a medical physician conducts the medical necessity review 41

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners - S Clinical Services Program - Non-Credentialed Practitioners Revised – July 18, 2024 To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approval 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024

Page 14 of 26

of physical medicine therapy services when a patient's response to treatment requires physician intervention as indicated by medical or scientific evidence or clinical practice guidelines, such as when a patient:

- 3 guidelines, such as when a patient:
 - Has an adverse reaction to the treatment, or
 - Is not responding to treatment (failure to progress), or
 - Regresses to an earlier level of functioning or disease state (i.e., morbidity increases).
- 8 Pre-service medical necessity review decisions are made based solely on the information 9 available to the practitioner and communicated to ASH at the time that clinical care was 10 requested.
- 11

4

5

6

7

12 Concurrent/post-service medical necessity review decisions are made based solely on the 13 information available to the practitioner and communicated to ASH at the time that clinical 14 care was provided.

15

16 Denial decisions may be overturned when the practitioner submits additional clinical 17 information not available to the clinical reviewer at the time of the initial decision. ASH 18 encourages peer to peer conversations when appropriate regarding medical necessity 19 determinations.

20

Approval decisions may only be reversed when additional information related to member eligibility and/or benefit information is received and is either materially different from that, which was reasonably available at the time of the original decision, or is a result of fraud, or was submitted erroneously. In the case of a reversal, ASH would continue to provide coverage and make payment for the currently approved ongoing course of treatment while an internal appeal is under review.

27

Members and practitioners are notified, as applicable, of service evaluation decisions
 within time frames specified in the *Medical Necessity Review – Non-Credentialed Practitioners (UM 2 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S)* policy.

31

For information on urgent/emergent services please see the *Urgent/Emergent Services* $(UM \ 13 - S)$ policy.

34

35 ASH does not conduct on-site (facility-based) medical necessity reviews.

36

37 **<u>Pre-Service Review</u>**

All treatment/services submitted by the practitioner for verification of medical necessity
 that are submitted prior to the provision of treatment/services or after treatment/services
 were initiated but before the ending date of service (DOS) are managed under the definition

41 of pre-service review.

Page 15 of 26

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners Revised – July 18, 2024 To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approval 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024

1 Concurrent Review

2 Concurrent reviews are typically associated with inpatient care or ongoing ambulatory

3 care. A concurrent review decision is any review for an extension of a previously approved

4 ongoing course of treatment over a period of time or number of treatments. A request to

5 extend a course of treatment beyond the period of time or number of treatments previously

- 6 approved by ASH is handled as a new request and decided within the time frame 7 appropriate to the type of decision (i.e., non-urgent pre-service, urgent pre-service or post
 - service).
- 8 9

10 **Post-Service Review**

All treatment/services submitted after the ending date of service (DOS) for verification of medical necessity are managed under the definition of post-service review.

13

14 Urgent Service Review

Urgent services are requests for healthcare services or treatments that require an expedited review and medical necessity determination because the time period allowed for nonurgent care determination is too lengthy and could present a health and safety issue.

18

19 Approval Decisions and Adverse Benefit Determinations

20 Only a clinical quality evaluator who holds a current license/certification/registration to

21 practice without restriction and is successfully credentialed may verify medical necessity

- 22 of submitted treatment/services.
- 23

24 **<u>Requests for Additional Information</u>**

If MNR Forms, CISSs, or medical records are submitted without the necessary clinical or administrative information, clinical quality evaluators or MNA staff attempt to obtain the missing information by calling the practitioner. If ASH is unable to make a determination due to missing necessary information, the time period for making the decision may be suspended according to the time frames specified in the *Medical Necessity Review – Non-Credentialed Practitioners (UM 2 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S)* policy.

31

32 Second Opinions

As members have the right to change practitioners at any time, a member may seek a second opinion by seeing another practitioner in the member's service area as defined by their benefits.

35 their bene

36

37 **<u>Reopen (Peer-to-Peer Conversation)</u>**

38 Information may be submitted in support of a reopen if one or more treatment/services

39 previously submitted resulted in an adverse benefit determination due to a failure to provide

40 sufficient supporting documentation.

Page 16 of 26

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners **Revised – July 18, 2024** To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approved 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024

1 Additional Service Requests (Modifications)

2 Modification may be requested for an approved course of care to request additional

3 treatment/services beyond those already submitted for verification of medical necessity for

4 the episode of care (e.g., x-rays, procedures/modalities, and office visits) or to request a

5 modification to the time period already submitted for the delivery of treatment/services.

7 COORDINATION OF CARE

During the clinical quality evaluators' evaluation of member and clinical information 8 submitted on MNR Forms, CISSs, or medical records to verify the medical necessity of 9 submitted treatment/services, the clinical quality evaluators also review for appropriate 10 coordination of care. This may include referral information, contraindications to care, 11 and/or communication with the member's physician or other health care practitioners, as 12 applicable. Should coordination with or without referral to another health care practitioner 13 be indicated, and no evidence of coordination of care is documented in the MNR Form, 14 CISSs or the medical records submitted, the clinical quality evaluator will take the 15 appropriate steps to ensure patient safety and optimum outcomes of care. Options available 16 to the clinical quality evaluator include, but are not limited to, contacting the practitioner 17 to ensure coordination has occurred, notifying the practitioner in an MNR Form that 18 coordination of care appears indicated, and/or taking no action if the coordination appears 19 20 beneficial, but would have no direct impact on patient safety or clinical outcomes. ASH encourages interprofessional communication between its practitioners, credentialed 21 practitioners and the member's physician or other health care practitioners, as applicable. 22

23

6

24

HEALTH AND SAFETY INVESTIGATION TEAM

The Health and Safety Investigation Team (HSIT) operates as a cross-functional team 25 within the Clinical Quality Evaluation (CQE) and the Clinical Quality Administration 26 (CQA) processes. The HSIT identifies potential health and safety issues where 27 documentation for treatment/services submitted by the practitioner indicates the possibility 28 of an underlying condition that may require further investigation and/or referral for co-29 management or alternate management. The HSIT manages these cases to resolution. In 30 addition, the HSIT investigates issues related to child and elder abuse and/or neglect. ASH 31 has implemented protocols for managing cases involving abuse and/or neglect in 32 33 compliance with state laws and regulations. HSIT activities are tracked through ASH's information systems and aggregate data is reported to the Quality Improvement Committee 34 (QIC) and the Quality Oversight Committee (QOC) on a quarterly basis in the clinical 35 performance management report. Analysis of results is trended to identify potential 36 opportunities for improvement relating to health and safety. The Senior Vice President, 37 Clinical Services, the Senior Vice President, Rehab Services, and a Senior Medical 38 39 Director advise the HSIT, as needed.

Page 17 of 26

If the HSIT identifies an apparently egregious health and safety issue that cannot be 1 resolved by standard HSIT protocols, the issue is presented to the CHSO or designee for 2 immediate review and recommended action. [See the applicable Clinical Services Alerts, 3 Clinical Performance Alerts, and Corrective Action Plans (Practitioner/Provider Clinical 4 Issues) (QM 2 - S) policy for additional information regarding Alerts and CAPS; and the 5 Practitioner Clinical Denials, Terminations, and Appeals (CR 3 - S) policy regarding 6 practitioner terminations or decredentialing.] 7 8 CLINICAL QUALITY REPORTING TEAM 9 When a significant issue, either a single egregious event or a significant trend, is identified 10 by a clinical quality evaluator involving a non-credentialed practitioner, the clinical quality 11 evaluator will review the case and any associated Medical Necessity Review Forms and 12 submit this information to the Clinical Quality Reporting Team (CQRT). In addition to 13 receiving information from clinical quality evaluators, the CORT may also receive trending 14 issues from ASH staff whenever an issue becomes apparent from the review of out of 15 network Clinical Services Investigation Team data. 16 17 CQRT may request and use medical records with reviewing instances or patterns of 18 practitioner behavior that may fail to meet professionally recognized standards of practice 19 20 or the clinical services management process. 21 CORT will review the submitted information and make a recommendation to 22 Close the issue, requiring approval by the Vice President, Clinical Services or the 23 • Vice President, Rehab Services or designated senior clinical staff; 24 • Provide education information and make a recommendation for closure of the issue; 25 • Provide education information to the non-credentialed practitioner; or 26 Refer their recommendations to the Practice Review Committee (PRC) for further 27 • review. 28 29 If referred to PRC, they will review the submitted information and make a recommendation 30 31 to: 32 • Close the issue; • Report the practitioner to any applicable State regulatory agency and send a 33 notification letter to the Medical Director of designated Quality Assurance staff at 34 the member's health plan; 35 Provide education information: or 36 • Pursue other actions. 37 •

Page 18 of 26

The report to the State regulatory agency and notification to the health plan will contain 1

- the following information: 2
 - Practitioner name and specialty;
 - Practitioner license number;
 - Summary and specific details of the quality of care, documentation and/or billing issue.
- 6 7 8

3

4

5

EVALUATION OF NEW TECHNOLOGIES

The Clinical Quality Team (CQT), in conjunction with the Evidence Evaluation Committee 9 (EEC) and the Quality Improvement Committee (QIC), are responsible for evaluating new 10 clinical technologies used in practice and new application of existing technologies and 11 whether to recommend the new technology or new application as an appropriate addition 12 to the benefit package. Committee members assist in the evaluation of information obtained 13 from appropriate government regulatory bodies and published scientific evidence. Input is 14 solicited from relevant specialists and professionals who have expertise in the technology. 15 Decision variables considered include health risks, improvements in health outcomes, 16 and/or improved health benefits as compared to existing covered technology. 17

18

19 Any benefit change related to clinical procedures and new technologies will be evaluated and approved by the Quality Oversight Committee (QOC) and the Board of Directors 20 (BOD). ASH will communicate with contracted clients, as stipulated by delegation 21 agreements, prior to implementation of any changes in benefit related to clinical procedures 22 and new technologies to ensure a mutually agreeable determination. The clinical 23 procedures and new technologies, that, in the opinion of ASH clinical committees/teams, 24 25 are not clinically effective and/or do not have an improved health benefit over existing technology may not be recommended for addition to the benefit package. 26

27

CLINICAL SERVICES PROGRAM MONITORING 28

Ongoing monitoring of the Clinical Service Program - Non-Credentialed Practitioners (CS 29 Program) is conducted through evaluation of Performance Standards reports, Clinical 30 Performance reports, and the Annual OI Evaluation. Monitoring activities may be specific 31 to administrative processes, clinical practices, providers, practitioners, members, 32 populations, or product lines. Quality Improvement initiatives may be recommended to 33 eliminate deficiencies and enhance outcomes related to clinical services activities. These 34 reports are presented to the Quality Oversight Committee quarterly and once approved, are 35 provided to external customers according to contract and/or delegation agreements. Areas 36 evaluated may include but are not limited to: 37

- Member visits and services rendered; 38 •
- Average radiology service approvals per member; 39 •

Page 19 of 26

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners - S Clinical Services Program - Non-Credentialed Practitioners Revised - July 18, 2024 To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approved 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approval 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approved 07/18/2024

Average number of exams/evaluations per patient, dates of service or interventions 1 • 2 approved/utilized per member per condition; • Clinical appeals from members, providers and practitioners; 3 Distribution of diagnosis codes by category/specialty; • 4 Adverse outcome indicators; 5 • Member grievances; 6 • Clinical services alert and clinical performance alert clinical indicators; 7 • Number of service approvals and adverse benefit determinations rendered; 8 • Clinical services decision profile (MNRF codes); 9 • Access and availability of clinical services; and 10 • • Clinical services profile (evaluations, clerical error rates, clinical consistency, and 11 education program). 12 13 Monitoring the Consistency and Appropriateness in Medical Necessity Decision 14 15 Making ASH monitors the consistency and appropriateness with which ASH clinical quality 16 evaluators make and document clinical decisions and implement consistency improvement 17 training as necessary to improved consistency. 18 19 For each specialty with active business that includes Medical Necessity Reviews (MNRs), 20 a formalized annual Quality Assurance (QA) Audit will be conducted of each clinical 21 quality evaluator and, for applicable specialties, Team Manager medical necessity decision 22 23 making. 24 • All specialties with active business and all clinical quality evaluators, including those 25 that are newly hired who have completed training process and are actively reviewing 26 MNRs. 27 • Collaborative processes with clinical quality evaluators and management will ensure 28 audit observations and recommendations are agreed upon. An evidence-informed 29 consensus process is followed by management for adjudicating differences of opinion 30 in the audit. This may include leadership team members as well as clinical quality 31 evaluator input. 32 • Passing benchmark aggregately by specialty and individual is ninety percent (90%) or 33 higher. Appropriate remediation/training actions will be taken for those that do not 34 pass benchmark of 90%. Benchmark may be increased by ASH senior management if 35 necessary to improve results. 36 Corrective Action Plans (CAPs) are used by management to help outline improvement 37 0 opportunities, and expectations. CAPs can be utilized by management if there are 38 trends observed that would benefit from a more formalized improvement action plan. 39

Page 20 of 26

A CAP will be initiated by management if a clinical quality evaluator demonstrates
 continued failure to meet benchmark(s) following remediation/training actions.

In addition to the annual QA audit for each specialty with active business and MNRs, Team Managers or designated management will conduct monthly random reviews of each clinical quality evaluator/peer reviewer's medical necessity decision making during production. This is part of an ongoing QI process performed outside of the formal annual QA audit.

8

9 Results of the formal annual QA audits are reported to appropriate ASH clinical leadership 10 for both the specialty in aggregate and by individual. Specialty-wide results are tabulated 11 and trended to identify opportunities for improvement, including development of 12 additional clinical guidelines, rationale codes, and/or development of consensus related to 13 application of existing guidelines.

14

Individual results are tabulated and trended in order to identify opportunities for 15 improvement related to errors in the application of existing guidelines or rationale coding. 16 As needed, corrective actions are implemented to improve process or individual 17 performance. Specialty results of the formal annual QA audits are also included as part of 18 the 3rd quarter ASH Clinical Performance Management (CPM) reports and the California 19 Health Plan Assessment (CAHPA) report, as applicable, and presented to the Quality 20 Improvement Committee (QIC). Summaries of the formal annual QA audits will be 21 prepared and available to health plan clients upon request in November/December. 22

23

For additional information on the auditing process for clinical quality evaluators during their initial training, see the *Orientation*, *Training*, and *Evaluation of Clinical Quality Evaluators* (UM7 - S) policy.

27

28 CLINICAL COMMITTEE STRUCTURE

The clinical committee structure and membership are identified in the committee charters for the Practice Review Committee (PRC) and the Quality Improvement Committee (QIC). Each charter for these committees contains detailed information such as chairperson, voting membership, functions, meeting frequency, quorum, staff participation, and reporting structure.

34

35 **Practice Review Committee**

36 Functions

- 37 The PRC performs the following functions related to the medical necessity review process:
- Provide peer review functions for clinical practice review, quality assurance and medical necessity review, and clinical performance review;
- Review and approve clinical policy related to clinical practice review;

Page 21 of 26

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners **Revised – July 18, 2024** To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approval 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approval 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approval 07/18/2024

1	• Review and approve the Clinical Performance Systems quantitative and qualitative
2	measures;
3	• Review and make recommendations regarding quality of care grievances;
4	• Review recommendations from CQRT;
5	• Issue and monitor Clinical Corrective Action Plans and Sanctions;
6	• Issue Clinical Quality Termination and de-credentialing decisions;
7	• Report practitioners to applicable agencies as appropriate (e.g., State Examining
8	Boards, NPDB);
9	• Provide recommendations for quality improvement activities; and
10	• Provide reports to Chief Health Services Officer (CHSO)/QIC and, as appropriate,
11	recommendations to the Quality Oversight Committee (QOC) with regard to
12	clinical quality, quality assurance, or quality improvement activities.
13	
14	Quality Improvement Committee
15	Functions
16	The QIC performs the following functions related to the medical necessity review process:
17	• Peer review for initial credentialing practitioner denial appeals;
18	• Review and approve of clinical policy and clinical practice guidelines;
19	• Review Clinical Quality Administration (CQA) and Board of Directors (BOD)
20	reports of immediate terminations and de-credentialing;
21	• Provide reports to the BOD and, as appropriate, the QOC with regard to clinical
22	quality, quality assurance, or quality improvement activities which may include but
23	are not limited to:
24	 Clinical Performance reports;
25	• Quality Improvement studies;
26	 Clinical elements of Annual QI Work Plan;
27	 Clinical elements of Annual QI Evaluation;
28	 Practitioner and Member Satisfaction Survey results;
29	• Quality audits;
30	• Inter-Rater Reliability (IRR) audits;
31	 Clinical Performance Reports;
32	 Aggregate outcomes of peer review decisions; and
33	 Delegation oversight reports.
34	
35	Chairperson Responsibilities
36	The committee chairperson or official designee is responsible for effective meeting
37	management, priority setting for agenda items, approval of guest attendance, signing

management, priority setting for agenda items, approval of guest attendance, signing
 approved documents as applicable on behalf of the committee, ensuring committee tasks

are completed in a timely manner, calling for votes, following up on issues identified by

1 the committee, ensuring that accurate meeting minutes are maintained, and reporting to

- 2 supervisory committees.
- 3

4 Meeting Minutes

5 Committee meeting minutes are taken contemporaneously, dated, and signed by the 6 chairperson and in some instances, recording secretary. Confidentially maintained minutes 7 reflect all committee business, including key discussions, recommendations, decisions, 8 actions, review and evaluation of activities, and evaluation of policies. Minutes also include 9 actions instituted by the committee, including appropriate follow up, evaluation of 10 documents, and active practitioner participation. Subcommittee reports are evaluated on a 11 regular basis, when applicable.

12

Minutes are reviewed and approved by vote of the appropriate committee in a timely manner with best effort made to finalize at the next scheduled meeting. All agendas, minutes, reports, and documents presented to committees are maintained in a confidential electronic format and are available upon request, as appropriate.

17

18 Term of Membership

The BOD appoints committee chairpersons and annually approves committee charters and 19 20 membership. Each member serves at the request of the BOD and may be removed at any time. All employees are bound by the company confidentiality policy. External committee 21 members must sign an annual confidentiality statement. Credentialed practitioners may not 22 currently serve on committees if they are a principal owner, board member, consultant, 23 clinical quality evaluator, or committee member of another managed care organization or 24 independent practitioner association. All members are required to disclose in writing any 25 potential conflicts of interest that may arise during the course of their service on the 26 committee. Committee members may not copy or distribute any documents without the 27 expressed written consent of the committee chairperson. 28

29

30 Urgent Issues Between Meetings

Ad hoc meetings may be called when pressing issues require immediate resolution. The committee chair reports the issue and resolution to the committee at the next meeting. Committee members may also be reached via teleconference, fax, and/or e-mail when committee input is necessary. The unanimous written consent process may be used when members are unavailable for a meeting.

36

37 Guest Attendance at Committee Meetings

Health plan representatives and other guests may attend committee meetings with permission of the President/Chief Operations Officer and/or committee chair. All non-staff

- 40 guests sign a confidentiality statement for each meeting attended. Guests may only attend
- 41 portions of the committee meeting pertinent to their business issues.

Page 23 of 26

UM 1 Revision 16 Non-Credentialed Practitioners – S Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners **Revised – July 18, 2024** To SPW for review 06/24/204 SPW reviewed 06/24/2024 To QIC for review and approval 07/02/2024 QIC reviewed and approval 07/02/2024 To POC KPT for review 07/03/2024 POC KPT reviewed and recommended for approval 07/03/2024 To QOC for review and approval 07/18/2024 QOC reviewed and approval 07/18/2024

1 HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT

2 **(HIPAA)**

3 ASH strives to comply with all applicable HIPAA requirements and maintains policies

4 relating to HIPAA compliance. All HIPAA-related policies are posted and accessible to all

5 employees for review on the ASH Intranet site. Ongoing mandatory educational seminars

6 are afforded to staff.

7 8 **CONFIDENTIALITY**

ASH defines confidential information as non-public, proprietary information. The guidelines established in the *Confidentiality* ($QM \ 8 - S$) policy are followed to ensure this information is held in strict confidence, to safeguard the information received, and to protect against defacement, tampering, or use by unauthorized persons or for unauthorized purposes.

13

22

24

15 DELEGATION OF CLINICAL SERVICES

If clinical services activities are delegated to contractors, there is a documented oversight and evaluation process of these activities, including the exercise of oversight of delegated or subcontracted functions in accordance with DOL, URAC, NCQA, and health plan medical necessity review standards. For example, a mutually agreed upon description of the delegated Clinical Services Program – Non-Credentialed Practitioners (CS Program) includes:

- Clinical services activities for which each party is responsible;
- Delegated activities;
 - Reporting requirements (including frequency);
- Evaluation process of the contractor's performance;
- Approval of the delegated contractor's CS Programs;
- The process for providing member experience and clinical performance data to its delegates when requested;
- The delegate's clinical services (UM) system security controls in place to protect data from unauthorized modification;
- How the delegate monitors its clinical services (UM) denial and appeal system
 security controls at least annually;
- How ASH monitors the delegate's clinical services (UM) denial and appeal system
 security controls at lease annually; and
- The remedies, including revocation of the delegation, if the contractor does not fulfill its obligations.
- 37
- 38 Evidence shows that:
- The contractor's capacity to perform the delegated activities prior to delegation is evaluated;

1	• The delegated contractor's CS Program is approved at least annually;
2	• Regular reports as specified in the delegation agreement are reviewed and approved
3	according to the report submission and frequency of reporting specified; and
4	• The delegated activities are evaluated annually to ensure they are being conducted
5	in accordance with established ASH policy and expectations, applicable
6	accreditation standards (URAC and NCQA), as well as applicable state and federal
7	laws and regulations.
8	
9	For delegates that store, create, modify or use clinical services (UM) denial or appeal data
10	for ASH:
11	• ASH will annually monitor the delegate's clinical services (UM) denial and appeal
12	system security controls in place to protect data from unauthorized modification;
13	• ASH will ensure that the delegate annually monitors its adherence to the delegation
14	agreement or its own policies and procedures;
15	• ASH will review and document all modifications made by the delegate that did not
16	meet the modification criteria allowed by the delegation agreement or by the
17	delegates' policies and procedures; and
18	• ASH will audit only if the delegate does not use a clinical services (UM) system
19	that can identify all noncompliant modifications, in which case, ASH will identify
20	and document:
21	• The staff roles or department involved in the audit.
22	• All UM date modifications, but may use sampling to identify potential
23	noncompliant changes for the audit (5 percent or 50 of its files, whichever is
24	less, to ensure that information is verified appropriately or the NCQA 8/30
25	methodology).
26	• For any non-compliant modifications made by the delegate, ASH will:
27	o Document all actions taken or planned to address the non-compliant
28	modification findings.
29	• Implement a quarterly monitoring process for each delegate to assess the
30	effectiveness of its actions on all findings and continue to monitor each
31	delegate until the delegate demonstrates improvement of at least one finding
32	over three consecutive quarters.
33	
34	For delegates that store, create, modify or use clinical services (UM) denial or appeal data
35	for ASH, but whose clinical services (UM) systems <u>do not</u> allow date modifications, ASH
36	will require that each delegate provides:
37	• Policies and procedures that describe the functionality of the system that ensures

38

compliance; and

Page 25 of 26

- Documentation or evidence of advanced system control capabilities that automatically record dates and prevent modifications that do not meet modification criteria.
- 3 4

1

2

5 NON-DISCRIMINATION

ASH does not discriminate against a member, provider, or practitioner for any reason and 6 does not support any discriminating against members for any reason, including but not 7 limited to age, sex, gender, gender identification (e.g. transgender), gender dysphoria, 8 marital status, religion, ethnic background, national origin, ancestry, race, color, sexual 9 orientation, patient type (e.g. Medicaid), mental or physical disability, health status, claims 10 experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, source of 11 payment, geographic location within the service area, or based on political affiliation. ASH 12 renders credentialing, clinical performance, and medical necessity decisions in the same 13 manner, in accordance with the same standards, and within the same time availability to all 14 members, providers, practitioners, and applicants. 15